









<p>Active ingredients (generic names)</p>	<p>NALOXONE (nah-lox-own)</p> 
<p>What it is used for</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reversing the action of too much opioid medicine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▸ Morphine over-sedation ▸ Heroin overdose
<p>How it works</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reverses the action of opioid medicines (eg morphine) by attaching to and blocking the parts of the brain (receptors) where opioids work 
<p>Side effects</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agitation  <p>Fast pulse (heart rate)</p>  <p>Anxiety (worry)</p>  <p>Confusion (if dependent on opioids)</p>

 <p>Warnings</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Need to repeat dose until person alert and responsive • Long-acting medicines (eg methadone, or slow-release tablets) — may need longer observation period  <p>Urgent medical consult</p>
<p>Tell the patient</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May need more than 1 dose
<p>Check</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure oxygen and ventilation are available to support person until naloxone works • Watch person for at least 2 hours — effects of opioid may return as naloxone wears off. May need to give another dose